I MINA' BENTE NUEBI NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2007 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. <u>34 (EC)</u>

Introduced by:

Ray Tenorio E. B. Calvo

MA 22

••

4

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 3312, 5101, 5104, 5109 AND 5112 OF 16 GCA RELATIVE TO INCREASING THE SAFETY OF GUAM'S ROADS BY PROHIBITING CERTAIN VEHICLES FROM DRIVING IN THE **CERTAIN** FARTHEST LEFT HAND LANE IN CIRCUMSTANCES; INCREASING THE HEIGHTS OF **VEHICLES AND LOADS: GRANTING DEPARTMENT** OF MOTOR CARRIER OFFICIALS WITH CITATION AUTHORITY: AND INCREASING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE CODE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

2 Section 1. Statement of Legislative Findings and Purpose. The standards established by Guam's current Motor Vehicle Code no longer support the 3 4 development of Guam's transportation and other industries, nor do they enhance 5 the safety of Guam's roads. For example, current law designates the far right lane to be the safest for large vehicles. However, the law was written for two lane roads 6 7 and Guam now has three lane roads. With three lane roads, such as Route 1, the 8 middle lane tends to be the safest as truck drivers have better visibility of all the 9 lanes from that position. This law prohibits vehicles in excess of ten thousand 10 pounds from driving in the farthest left hand lane, with certain exceptions.

Furthermore, although the Guam Police Department has the authority to issue citations for violations of the Motor Vehicle Code, it lacks training and funding for enforcement. Department of Motor Carrier (DMC) inspectors, currently under the purview of the Department of Revenue & Taxation have the ability to inspect, set up weight stations and to weigh vehicles, and thus have the
 greatest familiarity with the requirements of the Motor Vehicle Code. However,
 DMC inspectors do not have authority to issue citations. This law provides the
 DMC inspectors with the authority to issue citations for certain violations.

5 Finally, this law addresses those deficiencies by increasing the height of 6 vehicles and loads and increasing the penalties for violations of Guam's Motor 7 Vehicle Code.

- 8
- 9

Section 2. Section 3312 of 16 GCA is *amended* to read:

10 "§ 3312. Certain Vehicles to be Driven in Right-Hand Lane. When any 11 truck, tractor, trailer, or any combination thereof with a gross weight of vehicle and 12 load of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or more is being driven on any highway, it 13 shall be driven in the right-hand lane for traffic or as close as practicable to the right edge or curb, except when overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding 14 15 in the same direction or not drive in the farthest left hand lane, except when overtaking and passing a vehicle proceeding in the same direction or when 16 17 preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway, applicable to two and three lane roads when permissible or reasonable." 18

19

20

Section 3. Section 5101 of 16 GCA is *amended* to read:

21 "As used in this Chapter, the following definitions will hold true:

Axle: The common axis of rotation of one or more wheels, whether in one or
 more segments and regardless of the number of

24 wheels carried thereon.

Axle Group: An assemblage of two or more consecutive axles considered
 together in determining their combined load effect on a bridge or pavement
 structure.

Axle Load: The total load transmitted to the road by all wheels whose centers
 are included between the two parallel transverse vertical planes forty (40) inches
 apart, extending across the full width of the vehicle.

4 *Connecting Mechanism:* An arrangement of parts interconnecting two or 5 more consecutive axles to the frame of a vehicle in such a manner as to equalize 6 the load between the axles.

7 *Gross Weight:* The weight of a vehicle and/or vehicle

8 combination without load, plus the weight of any load thereon.

9 *Height:* The total vertical dimension of any vehicle above the ground surface
10 including any load and load holding device thereon.

Highway: The entire width between the boundary lines of every publicly maintained surface, when any part thereof is open to the use of the public for purposes of vehicular travel; synonymous and interchangeable in usage with "street."

15 *Length:* The total longitudinal dimension of any vehicle or

16 combination of vehicles, including any load or load holding devices thereon.

17 *Load:* A weight or quantity of anything resting upon a support.

18 *Motor Vehicle:* A vehicle which is self- propelled or propelled by electric
19 power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operating upon rails.

20 *Owner*: A person, other than a lienholder, having the property in or title to a 21 vehicle, including a person entitled to use and possession of a vehicle subject to a 22 security interest in another person, but excluding a lessee under a lease not 23 intended as security.

24 Primary Road: A primary road is an interstate highway, a U.S. highway, an
 25 expressway, an intrastate highway, a State-divided highway with two or more lanes
 26 each way, or any road with at least two contiguous miles with a speed limit of 35
 27 mph or greater.

3

- Scale Tolerance: An allowable variation in the static weight of an axle load
 in accordance with, but not exceeding, the precision of the scale involved.
- 3 <u>Secondary Road</u>: A secondary road is any state or local road, paved
 4 <u>or unpaved</u>, that does not meet the definition of "primary road" as herein stated.
- *Semi-Trailer:* A vehicle designed for carrying persons or property and drawn
 by a truck-tractor on which parts of its weight and load rests.

Single Axle: An assembly of two or more wheels, whose centers are on one
transverse vertical plane or may be included between two parallel transverse
vertical planes forty (40) inches apart extending the full width of the vehicle.

10 Single Axle Weight: The total weight transmitted to the road by a single axle.

Special Permit: A written authorization to move or operate on a highway, a vehicle or vehicles with indivisible load of a size and/or weight exceeding the limits prescribed for vehicles in regular operation.

Tandem Axle: Any two or more consecutive axles whose centers are more than forty (40) inches but less than ninety-six (96) inches apart, and are individually attached and/or articulated from a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between the axles.

18 Tandem Axle Weight: The total weight transmitted to the road by two or 19 more consecutive axles whose centers may be included between parallel transverse 20 planes spaced forty (40) inches but less than ninety-six (96) inches apart, extending 21 the full width of the vehicle.

Trailer: A vehicle designed for carrying persons or property and drawn by a
 motor vehicle which carries no part of the weight and load of the trailer on its own
 wheels.

Truck: A motor vehicle designed, used or maintained primarily for the
 transportation of property.

4

Truck-Tractor: A motor vehicle designed for drawing other vehicles, but not
for a load other than a part of the weight of the vehicle and load drawn.
Vehicle: A device in, upon or by which any person or property may be
transported or drawn upon a highway.
Vehicle Combination: A truck-tractor and semi-trailer, either with or without
a full trailer, or a truck with one or more full trailers.
Width: The total outside transverse dimension of a vehicle, including any
load or load holding devices thereon, but excluding approved safety devices and
tire bulge due to load."
Section 4. Section 5104 of 16 GCA is <i>amended</i> to read:
"§5104. Height of Vehicles and Loads. No vehicle, including any
load and load holding devices thereon, shall exceed a total height of thirteen (13)
feet and six (6) inches fourteen (14) feet for secondary roads and fifteen (15) feet
for primary roads.
Section 5. Section 5109 of 16 GCA is <i>amended</i> to read:
"§5109. Authority to Stop, Inspect and Weigh Vehicles; Removal of
Excess Loads. (a) Any police officer or Department of Motor Carrier (DMC)
inspector observing conditions of vehicle appearance, operation or cargo storage,
which might represent a potential or actual hazard, is authorized to stop the driver
which might represent a potential or actual hazard, is authorized to stop the driver and submit the vehicle to an immediate inspection.
and submit the vehicle to an immediate inspection.
and submit the vehicle to an immediate inspection. (b) Whenever an officer or DMC inspector, upon inspection of a vehicle
 and submit the vehicle to an immediate inspection. (b) Whenever an officer or DMC inspector, upon inspection of a vehicle and/or load, determines the existence of a minor infraction, a citation will be issued

vehicle to be moved to a storage area or Government facility, and said vehicle shall
 remain there until such repairs or corrections as stated can be effected either there,
 or its own shop. Such vehicle will not be allowed back into normal operation until
 corrections are made.

5 (c) Any police officer <u>or DMC inspector</u> having reason to believe that the 6 weight of a vehicle, either unladen or with load, is unlawful, is authorized to 7 require the driver to stop and submit to a weighing of same by means of portable 8 scales and should a question of weight arise, the officer <u>or DMC inspector</u> will 9 require that such vehicles be driven to the nearest official scales.

(d) Whenever an officer or DMC inspector, upon weighing a vehicle and 10 11 load, as provided above, determines that the weight is unlawful, such officer or 12 DMC inspector will require the driver to stop the vehicle in a suitable place and 13 remain standing until such portion of the load is removed as may be necessary to 14 reduce the weight of such vehicle such limit as permitted under this Chapter. A two 15 thousand (2000) pound tolerance over and above the maximum permissible weight 16 will be allowed before the removal of load will be required. All material so 17 unloaded shall be cared for by the owner or driver of such vehicle at the risk of 18 said owner or driver.

(e) Any driver of a vehicle who fails or refuses to stop and submit the vehicle, either unladen or with load, to an inspection and/or weighing, or who fails or refuses when directed by the officer <u>or DMC inspector</u> upon inspection and/or weighing of the vehicle to stop the vehicle and otherwise comply with the provisions of this Section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

24

25

Section 6. Section 5112 of 16 GCA is *amended* to read:

26 "§5112. Penalties. (a) Every person <u>or entity or organization</u> convicted of a
27 violation of any of the provisions of this Chapter for which another penalty is not

1 provided shall, for a first conviction thereof, be guilty of a misdemeanor and be 2 punished by a fine of not more than Twenty-Five Dollars (\$25.00) Five Hundred 3 Dollars (\$500.00) and \$0.01\$0.25/pound over the maximum allowable load as authorized in § 5107; for a second such conviction within one (1) year two (2) 4 years thereafter, such person, entity or organization shall be guilty of a 5 misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not less than Twenty-Five Dollars 6 7 (\$25,00) Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and \$0.01 \$0.25/pound over the maximum 8 allowable load authorized in § 5107, but not more than Fifty Dollars 9 (\$50.00) Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$750.00) and \$0.02\$0.50/pound; upon a 10 third or subsequent conviction within one-(1) year-two (2) years after the first 11 conviction such person, entity or organization shall be guilty of a petty misdemeanor and subject to fine of not less than Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) Seven 12 13 Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$750.00) and \$0.02\$0.50/pound over the maximum allowable load authorized in § 5107 but not more than One-Hundred Dollars 14 15 (\$100.00) One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and 0.05\$0.75/pound. In no event 16 shall any fine exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

17 (b) All permit fees and fines shall be deposited in the Territorial Highway18 Fund.

19 (c) Responsible Party.

(i) Imported Shipping Containers Under Seal. Any importer or consignee,
whether an individual or an entity, organization or company, whose shipping
container placed under seal has been determined to be in violation of section §
5107 of this part shall be responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, additional
transportation or other associated cost (including storage).

25 (ii) Export Shipping Containers Under Seal. Any exporter, whether an
 26 individual or an entity, organization, or company, whose shipping container placed
 27 under seal has been determined to be in violation of section § 5107 of this part

shall be responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, additional_transportation or
 other associated cost (including storage).

<u>(iii)</u> Local Containers Under Seal. Any individual and any organization, entity,
or company loading a shipping container under seal not designated for export that
has been determined to be in violation of section § 5107 of this part shall be
responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, additional transportation or other
associated cost (including storage).

8 (iv) All Other Local Transport Not Under Seal. Any individual or any cargo 9 transporting entity, organization, or company determined to be in violation of 10 section § 5107 of this part shall be responsible for any fine, penalty, handling, 11 additional transportation or other associated cost (including storage) prescribed in 12 this section."

13

14 Section 7. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to 15 any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such 16 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this Act which can be 17 given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end the 18 provisions of this Act are severable.

19

20 Section 8. Effective Date. The amendments herein shall be effective upon
21 the date of enactment.